न्यायालय-शुल्क की समाप्ति के लिए मुख्य न्यायाधीश द्वारा वक्तव्य

363. **श्री सत्य प्रकाश मालवीय** : क्या विधि और न्याय मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या भारत के उच्चतम न्यायालय के मुख्य न्यायाधीश ने हाल ही में केन्द्रीय सरकार से न्यायालय शुल्क को समाप्त करने के लिये आग्रह किया है ; और

(ख) यदि हां, तो उस पर सरकार की क्या प्रतिक्रिया है ?

विधि और न्याय मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री एच० आर० भारद्वाज) : (क) सरकार को, जनसाधारण के लिये राज्य सरकारों द्वारा न्यायालय-फीस को समाप्त करने संबंध, भारत के मुख्य न्यायमूर्ति द्वारा 22 मार्च, 1987 को शिमला में दिये गये वक्तव्य के सम्बन्ध में प्रेस रिपोर्टों की जानकारी है ।

(ख) विधि आयोग को न्यायिक प्रशासन में सुधार के सम्बन्ध में अध्ययन करने और सिफारिशें करने का कार्य सौंपा गया है । इसमें मुकदमा लड़ने वालों पर भार कम करने की दृष्टि से मुकदमा-खर्च संबंधी विषय का अध्ययन भी है । विधि आयोग की रिपोर्ट प्राप्त होने पर ही उपर्युक्त विनिश्चय किया जाएगा ।

Report of Justice R. B. Mishra on Public Sector Enterprises

364. SHRI SAMAR MUKHERJEE: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether the High Power Pay Committee headed by Justice R. B. Mishra, has submitted its report to the Government of India;

(b) whether Central Government have accepted the said report in toto; if so, what are the reasons thereof;

(c) what are the recommendations made by the High Power Pay Committee in respect of Public Sector Enterprises following the Central Government pattern of pay scales and Dearness Allowance;

(d) by when Government is likely to publish the said report;

(e) if not, what are the reasons therefor; and

(f) what are the reasons for not yet releasing a copy of the report to the concerned parties, especially to the Associations/Unions which had made written as well as oral submissions before the said Committee?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC ENTERPRISES IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (PROF. K. K. TEWARY): (a) to (d) The High Power Pay Committee assumed office on 1.12.1986. They are to give their reoprt within a period of twelve months after assumption of office. However, the Committee has submitted its interim report to the Government on 9.3.1987 which has been accepted by the Government.

Theft of Petroleum Products

365. SHRI CHIMANBHAI MEHTA: Will the Minister of PETROLEM AND NATURAL GAS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to the reported large scale thefts of petroleum products from Ankelshwar Oil Fields in Gujarat;

(b) if so, what are the details in this regard;

(c) whether a proper inquiry is being conducted in this matter; if so,

what are the details thereof; if not, what are the reasons therefor; and

(d) what action has been taken to prevent the recurring of such thefts cases?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS AND THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI BRAHM DUTT): (a) No, Sir.

(b) to (d) Do not arise.

Cement decontrol

366. SHRIMATI KRISHNA KAUL: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether Cement manufacturers in the country have urged the central Government to decontrol cement; and

(b) if so, what action has been taken or proposed to be taken by Government thereon?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRI M. ARUNACHALAM): (a) Yes, Sir. Cement Manufacturers' Association have represented to the Central Government seeking decontrol of Cement.

(b) At present, the question of total decontrol of cement is not being considered by Government. However, in the wake of introduction of partial decontrol of cement in February 1982, Government have been constantly reviewing its policy, keeing in view the growth of Industry. Pursuant to this policy, it has been Government's endeavour to reduce the levy obligation in a gradual manner so that the Industry is allowed to sell higher quantities of cement in the open market, which would help them in generating more funds for further investment and modernisation. In fact, such a reduction in the levy obligaton has been allowed thrice in the past—on 18th July, 1984, 4th June, 1985 and again on 15th, December, 1986 Recently, the levy quota of new units commencing production on or after 1.4.86 has been further reduced from the existing levy of 30 per cent to 15 per cent of actual production w.e.f. 1.3.1987.

Expansion of production capacity of DGTD units

367. SHRI KISHORE MEHTA: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY, be pleased to state:

(a) what provision has been made for automatic expansion of production capacity of D.G.T.D. registered units; and

(b) what is the procedure laid down for a DGTD unit already located in a metropolitan zone and needing substantial expansion or modernisation?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRI M. ARUNACHALAM): (a) The units registered with DGTD are free to expand their capacity for production of goods for which they are registered if such expansion is covered by exemption from industrial licensing. They can get such expanded capacity registered with DGTD.

(b) If a unit which was registered with DGTD is located in a standard urban area, he has to obtain a COB licence. However, in regard to substantial expansion, diversification and endorsement of capacity, D.G.T.D. have been registering such cases in relaxation of the policy stated above, under the provisions of Govt. Press Note dated 20-4-80.